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QUAY COUNTY GOVERNMENT

ORDINANCE 12

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FAIR HOUSING THROUGHOUT QUAY COUNTY WITHIN THE CONSTITUTION LIMITATIONS

SECTION I
DEFINITIONS

WHEREAS, " Dwelling " is defined as any building, structure, or portion thereof which is occupied as, or designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence by one or more families, and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location thereon of any such building, structure, or portion thereof; and

WHEREAS, " Family " includes a single individual; and

WHEREAS, " Person " includes one or more individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations, labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts, unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and fiduciaries; and

WHEREAS, " To rent " includes to lease, to sublease, to let and otherwise to grant for a consideration the right to occupy premises owned by the occupant; and

WHEREAS, " discriminatory housing practice " means an act that is unlawful under sections 4, 5, or 6; and

SECTION II
UNLAWFUL PRACTICE

WHEREAS, this ordinance is subject to the provisions of subsection (b) and Section 6, the prohibitions against discrimination in the sale or rental of housing set forth in Section II shall apply to:

All dwellings except as exempted by subsection (b).

Nothing in Section 3 shall apply to:

WHEREAS, Any single-family house sold or rented by an owner: Provided, that such private individual owner does not own more than three such single-family houses at any one time: Provided further, that in the case of the sale of any such single-family house by a private individual owner not residing in such house at the time of such sale or who was not the most recent resident of such house prior to such sale, the exemption granted by this subsection shall apply only with respect to one such sale within any twenty-four month period: Provided further, that such bonafide private individual owner does not own any interest in, nor is there owned or reserved

on his behalf, under any express or voluntary agreement, title to or any right to all or a portion of the proceeds from the sale or rental of, more than three such single-family house shall be excepted from the application of this title only if such house is sold or rented (a) without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental services of any real estate broker, agent, or salesman, or of such facilities or services of any person in the business of selling or renting dwellings, or of any employee or agent of any such broker, agent, salesman, or person and (b) without the publication, posting or mailing, after notice of any advertisement or written notice in violation of section 3 (c) of this ordinance, but nothing in this provision shall prohibit the use of attorneys, escrow agents abstractors, title companies, and other such professional assistance as necessary to perfect or transfer the title, or

WHEREAS, rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four families living independently of each other, if the owner actually maintains and occupies one of such living quarters as his residence.

WHEREAS, for the purposes of subsection (b), a person shall be deemed to be in the business of selling or renting dwellings if:

(1) he has, within the preceding twelve months, participated as principal in three or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein, or

(2) he has, within the preceding twelve months participated as agent, other than in the sale of his own personal residence in providing sales or rental facilities or sales or rental services in two or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein, or

(3) he is the owner of any dwelling designed or intended for occupancy by, or occupied by, five or more families.

SECTION III DISCRIMINATION IN THE SALE OR RENTAL OF HOUSING

WHEREAS, As made applicable by Section II and except as exempted by Sections II (b) and VI, it shall be unlawful:

(a) To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because of race, color, religion, national origin, handicap or familial status.

(b) To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith because of race, color, religion, national origin, handicap or familial status.

(c) to make, print, or publish, or cause to be made, printed, or published any notice, statement, or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, or national origin, or an intention to make any such preference, limitation, or discrimination.

(d) to represent to any person because of race, color, religion, or national origin that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale, or rental when such dwelling is in fact so available.

(e) for profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, color, religion, or national origin.

SECTION IV
DISCRIMINATION IN THE FINANCING OF HOUSING

WHEREAS, It shall be unlawful for any bank, building and loan association, insurance company or other corporation, association, firm or enterprise whose business consists in whole or in part in the making of commercial real estate loans, to deny a loan or other financial assistance to a person applying therefore for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or maintaining a dwelling, or to discriminate against him in the fixing of the amount, interest rate, duration, or other terms or conditions of such loan or other financial assistance, because of race, color, religion, national origin, handicap or familial status, such person or of any person associated with him in connection with such loan or other financial assistance or the purposes of such loan or other financial assistance, or of the present or prospective owners, lessees, tenants, or occup-

ants of the dwelling or dwelling in relation to which such loan or other financial assistance is to be made or given; Provided, that nothing contained in this section shall impair the scope or effectiveness of the exception contained in Section 2 (b).

SECTION V
DISCRIMINATION IN THE PROVISION OF BROKERAGE SERVICES

WHEREAS, It shall be unlawful to deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple-listing service, real estate brokers organization or other service, organization, or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against him in the terms or conditions of such access, membership, or participation, because of race, color, religion, national origin, handicap or familial status.

SECTION VI
EXEMPTION

WHEREAS, Nothing in this ordinance shall prohibit a religious organization, association, or society, or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association, or society, from limiting the sale, rental or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons of the same religion, or from giving preference to such persons, unless membership in such religion is restricted on account of race, color, or national origin. Nor shall anything in this ordinance prohibit a private club not in fact open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes provides lodging which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members or from giving preference to its members.

SECTION VII
ADMINISTRATION

WHEREAS, the authority and responsibility for administering this act shall be in the Board of Quay County Commissioners

WHEREAS, The County Commissioners may delegate any of these functions, duties, and powers to employees of the County or to boards of such employees, including functions, duties, and powers with respect to investigating, conciliating, hearing determining, ordering, certifying, reporting or otherwise acting as to any work, business, or matter under this ordinance. The County Commissioners shall by rule prescribe such rights of appeal from the decisions of his hearing examiners to other hearing examiners or to other officers in the County, to boards of officers or to others as shall be appropriate and in accordance with law.

WHEREAS, All executive departments and agencies shall administer their programs and activities relating to housing and urban development in a manner affirmatively to further the purposes of this ordinance and shall cooperate with the County Commissioners to further such purposes.

SECTION VIII
EDUCATION AND CONCILIATION

WHEREAS, Immediately after the enactment of this ordinance, the Quay County Commission shall commence such educational and conciliatory activities as will further the purposes of this ordinance. They shall call conferences of persons in the housing industry and other interested parties to acquaint them with the provisions of this ordinance and their suggested means of implementing it, and shall endeavor with their advice to work our programs of voluntary compliance and of enforcement.

SECTION IX
ENFORCEMENT

WHEREAS, Any person who claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice or who believes that he will be irrevocably injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is about to occur (hereafter "person aggrieved") may file complaint with the Quay County Commissioners. Complaints shall be in writing and shall contain such information and be in such form as the County Commission requires. Upon receipt of such a complaint, the County Commission shall furnish a copy of the same to the person or persons who allegedly committed or about to commit the alleged discriminatory housing practice. Within thirty days after receiving a complaint, or within thirty days after the expiration of any period of reference under subsection (c), the Board of Commissioners shall investigate the complaint and give

notice in writing to the person aggrieved whether he intends to resolve it. If the Board of Commissioners decides to resolve the complaints, they shall proceed to try to eliminate or correct the alleged discriminatory housing practice by informal methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion. Nothing said or done in the course of such informal endeavors may be made public or used as evidence in a subsequent proceeding under this ordinance without the written consent of the persons concerned. Any employee of the County of Quay who shall make public any information in violation of this provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$1,000. or imprisoned not more than one year.

WHEREAS, A complaint under subsection (a) shall be filed within one hundred and eighty days after the alleged discriminatory housing practice occurred. Complaints shall be in writing and shall state the facts upon which the allegations of a discriminatory housing practice are based. Complaints may be reasonably and fairly amended at any time. A respondent may file an answer to the complaint against him and with the leave of the Board of Commissioners which shall be granted whenever it would be reasonable and fair to do so, may amend his answer at any time. Both complaints and answers shall be verified.

WHEREAS, If within thirty days after a complaint is filed with the Board of Quay County Commissioners, the Commission has been unable to obtain voluntary compliance with this ordinance, the person aggrieved may, within thirty days thereafter, file a complaint with the Secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development. The Board of Commissioners will assist in this filing.

WHEREAS, If the Board of Commissioners has been unable to obtain voluntary compliance within thirty days of the complaint, the person aggrieved may, within thirty days hereafter commence a civil action in any appropriate court, against the respondent named in the complaint, to enforce the rights granted or protected by this ordinance, insofar as such rights relate to the subject of the complaint. If the court finds that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the court may enjoin the respondent from engaging in such practice or order such affirmative action as may be appropriate.

WHEREAS, in any proceeding brought pursuant to this section, the burden of proof shall be on the complainant.

WHEREAS, Whenever an action filed by an individual shall come to trial, the Board of Commissioners shall immediately terminate all efforts to obtain voluntary compliance.

SECTION X
INVESTIGATIONS, SUBPOENAS GIVING OF EVIDENCE

WHEREAS, In conducting an investigation the Board of Commissioners shall have access at all reasonable times to premises, records, documents, individuals, and other evidence or possible sources of evidence and may examine, record, and copy such materials and take and record the testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for the furtherance of the investigation: Provided, however, that the Quay County Board of Commissioners first complies with the provisions of the Fourth Amendment relating to unreasonable searches and seizures. The Board of County Commissioners may issue interrogatories to a respondent, to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or interrogatories were issued or served in aid of a civil action in the United States District Court for the district in which the investigation is taking place. The Board of Commissioners may administer oaths.

WHEREAS, Upon written application to the Board of County Commissioners respondent shall be entitled to the issuance of a reasonable number of subpoenas by and in the name of the Board of Commissioners to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as subpoenas issued by the Board of Quay County Commissioners subpoenas issued at the request of a respondent shall show on their face the name and address of such respondent and shall state that they were issued at their request.

WHEREAS, Witnesses summoned by subpoena of the Quay County Board of Commissioners shall be entitled to the same witness and mileage fees as are witnesses in proceedings United States district courts. Fees payable to a witness summoned by a subpoena issued at the request of a respondent shall be paid by him.

WHEREAS, Within five days after service of a subpoena upon any person, such person may petition the Board of County Commissioners to revoke or modify the subpoena. The County Commissioners shall grant the petition if they find that the subpoena requires appearance or attendance at an unreasonable time or place, that it requires production of evidence which does not relate to any matter under investigation, that it does not describe with sufficient particularity the evidence to be produced, that compliance would be unduly onerous, or for other good reason.

WHEREAS, In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena, the Quay County Board of Commissioners at whose request it was issued may petition for the district in which the person to whom the subpoena was addressed resides, was served, or transacts business.

WHEREAS, Any person who willfully fails or neglects to attend and testify or to answer any lawful inquiry or to produce records, documents, or other evidence, if in their power to do so, in obedience to the subpoena or lawful order of the Commissioners shall be fined not more than \$1,000. or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. Any person who, with intent thereby to mislead the Commissioners shall make or cause to be made any false entry or statement of fact in any report, account, record, or other document submitted to the Board of Commissioners pursuant to their subpoena or other order, or shall willfully neglect or fail to make or cause to be made full, true, and correct entries in such reports, accounts, records, or other documents, or shall willfully mutilate, alter, or by any other means falsify any documentary evidence, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

WHEREAS, the County Attorney shall conduct all litigation in which the Board of Commissioners participates as a party or as amicus pursuant to this ordinance.

SECTION X1
ENFORCEMENT BY PRIVATE PERSONS

WHEREAS, The rights granted by sections 2, 3, 4 and 5 may be enforced by civil actions in State or Local courts of general jurisdiction. A civil action shall be commenced within one hundred and eighty days after the alleged discriminatory housing practice occurred: Provided, However, that the court shall continue such civil case brought pursuant to this section or section 9 (d) from time to time before bringing it to trial if the court believes that the conciliation efforts of the Board of Commissioners are likely to result in satisfactory settlement of the discriminatory

housing practice complained of in the complaint made to the Board of Commissioners and which practice forms the basis for the basis for the action in court: And provided, however that any sale, encumbrance, or rental consummated prior to the issuance of any court order issued under the authority of this ordinance, and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer, or tenant without actual notice of the existence of the filing of a complaint or civil action under the provisions of this ordinance shall not be affected.

WHEREAS, The court may grant as relief, as it deems appropriate, any permanent or temporary injunction, temporary restraining order, or other order, and may award to the plaintiff actual damages and not more than \$1,000 punitive damages, together with court costs and reasonable attorney fees in the case of a prevailing plaintiff: Provided, that the said plaintiff in the opinion of the court is not financially able to assume said attorney's fees.

SECTION XII
INTERFERENCE, COERCION, OR INTIMIDATION

WHEREAS, It shall be unlawful to coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any person in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of his having exercised or enjoyed, or on account of his having aided or encouraged any other person in the sections 2,3,4, or 5. This section may be enforced by appropriate civil action.

SECTION XIII
SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS

WHEREAS, If any provision of this ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance and the application of the provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

SECTION XIV
PREVENTION OF INTIMIDATION IN FAIR HOUSING CASES

WHEREAS, Whoever, whether or not acting under color of law, by force or threat of force willfully injures, intimidates or interferes with, or attempts to injure, intimidate or interfere with:

(a) any person because of his race, color, religion, or national origin and because he is or has been selling, purchasing, renting, financing, occupying, or contracting or negotiating for the sale, purchase, rental, financing or occupation of any dwelling, or applying for or participating in any service, organization, or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings; or

(b) any person because he is or has been, or in order to intimidate such person or any other person or any class of persons from:

(1) participating, without discrimination because of color, religion, national origin, handicap or familial status, or in activities, services, organizations or facilities described in subsection 14 (a); or

(2) affording another person or class of persons opportunity or protection so to participate; or

(c) any citizen because he is or has been, or in order to discourage such citizen or any other citizen from lawfully aiding or encouraging other persons to participate, without discrimination on account of race, color, religion, or national origin, in any of the activities, services, organizations or facilities described in subsection 14 (a), or participating lawfully in speech or peaceful assemble opposing any denial of the opportunity to so participate:

shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results shall be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death results shall be subject to imprisonment for any term of years or for life.

PASSED, APPROVED, ADOPTED this 22nd day of April 1991.

BOARD OF QUAY COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Charles Moya
Charles Moya, Chairman

Robert Thrasher
Robert Thrasher, Member

Brad Hunton
Brad Hunton, Member



ATTEST:
Jeannette Maddaford
Jeannette Maddaford, County Clerk



STATE OF NEW MEXICO } SS
COUNTY OF QUAY }
I hereby certify that this instrument was
filed for record at 11:25 o'clock A.M. on
and was
duly re-
corded
in book
87
APR 23 1991
page 137
146 of the records of said county,
Jeannette Maddaford County Clerk
By _____ Deputy



FAIR HOUSING ORDINANCE

AMENDED QUAY COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 12

Section 1. POLICY

It is the policy of Quay County to provide, within constitutional limitations, for fair housing throughout the County of Quay.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. "Aggrieved Person" includes any person who--
 - a. claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice; or
 - b. believes that they will be injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is about to occur.
2. "Chief Elected Official" means the person who holds the highest elected position of the local unit of government and who is signatory to the Small Cities Community Development Block Grant agreement with the Local Government Division.
3. "Complainant" means the person (including the chief elected official) who files a complaint under Section 10.
4. "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act that is unlawful under Section 4, 5 or 6 of this ordinance.
5. "Dwelling" means any building, structure or portion thereof which is occupied as, designed or intended for occupancy as a residence by one or more families, and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location thereon of any such building, structure or portion thereof.
6. "Familial status" means one or more individuals (who have not attained the age of 18 years) being domiciled with--
 - a. a parent or another person having legal custody of such individual or individuals; or
 - b. the designee of such parent or other person having such custody, with the written permission of such parent or other person.The protections afforded against discrimination on the basis of familial status shall apply to any person who is pregnant, or is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has not attained the age of 18 years.
7. "Family" includes a single individual.

8. "Handicap" means, with respect to a person--
- a. a physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more of such person's major life activities;
 - b. a record of having such an impairment; or
 - c. being regarded as having such an impairment, but such term does not include current, illegal use of or addiction to, a controlled substance (as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act [21 U.S.C. 802]).
9. "Person" includes one or more individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations, labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts, unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers and fiduciaries.
10. "Respondent" means--
- a. the person or other entity accused in a complaint of an unfair housing practice; and
 - b. any other person or entity identified in the course of investigation and notified as required with respect to respondents so identified under Section 10.
11. "To rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let and otherwise to grant for a consideration the right to occupy premises owned by the occupant.

Section 3. UNLAWFUL PRACTICE

Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) and Section 7, the prohibitions against discrimination in the sale or rental of housing set forth in Section 3 shall apply to:

1. All dwellings except as exempted by subsection (b).
2. Nothing in Section 4 shall apply to:
 - a. Any single-family house sold or rented by an owner: Provided, that such private individual owner does not own more than three such single-family houses at any one time: Provided further, that in the case of the sale of any such single-family house by a private individual owner not residing in such house at the time of such sale, or who was not the most recent resident of such house prior to such sale, the exemption granted by this subsection shall apply only with respect to one such sale within any twenty-four month period: Provided further, that such bona fide private individual owner does not own any interest in, nor is there owned or reserved on his behalf, under any express or voluntary agreement, title to, or any right to all or a portion of the proceeds from the sale or rental of, more than three such single-family houses at any one time: Provided further, that the sale or rental of any such single-family house shall be excepted from the application of this ordinance only if such house is sold or rented

without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental services of any real estate broker, agent or salesperson or of such facilities or services of any person in the business of selling or renting dwellings, or of any employee or agent of any such broker, agent, salesperson or person, and

without the publication, posting or mailing, after notice of any advertisement or written notice in violation of Section 4(c) of this ordinance, but nothing in this proviso shall prohibit the use of attorneys, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies, and other such professional assistance as necessary to perfect or transfer the title, or

b. rooms or units in dwellings contained living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four families living independently of each other, if the owner actually maintains and occupies one of such living quarters as their residence.

3. For the purposes of subsection (b), a person shall be deemed to be in the business of selling or renting dwellings if:

a. they have, within the preceding twelve months, participated as principal in three or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein; or

b. they have, within the preceding twelve months, participated as agent, other than in the sale of their own personal residence in providing sales or rental facilities or sales or rental services in two or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein; or

c. they are the owner of any dwelling designed or intended for occupancy by, or occupied by, five or more families.

Section 4. DISCRIMINATION IN THE SALE OR RENTAL OF HOUSING

As made applicable by Section 3 and except as exempted by Sections 3(b) and 7, it shall be unlawful:

1. To refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer, or to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny, a dwelling to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin.

2. To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin.

3. To make, print or publish, or cause to be made, printed or published any notice, statement or advertisement, with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any preference, limitation or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin, or an intention to make

any such preference, limitation or discrimination.

4. To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale or rental when such dwelling is in fact so available.
5. For profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin.

Section 5. DISCRIMINATION IN RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE-RELATED TRANSACTIONS

1. In general -- It shall be unlawful for any person or other entity whose business includes engaging in residential real estate-related transactions to discriminate against any person in making available such a transaction, or in the terms or conditions of such a transaction, because of race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin.
2. Definition--As used in this Section, the term "residential real estate-related transaction" means any of the following:
 - a. The making or purchasing of loans or providing other financial assistance--
 - for purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing or maintaining a dwelling; or
 - secured by residential real estate.
 - b. The selling, brokering or appraising of residential real property
3. Appraisal Exemption--Nothing in this ordinance prohibits a person engaged in the business of furnishing appraisals of real property to take into consideration factors other than race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin.

Section 6. DISCRIMINATION IN THE PROVISION OF BROKERAGE SERVICES

It shall be unlawful to deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple-listing service, real estate brokers organization, or other service, organization, or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings, or to discriminate against them in the terms or conditions of such access, membership or participation because of race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin.

Section 7. EXEMPTION

Nothing in this ordinance shall prohibit a religious organization, association or society or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised or controlled by, or in conjunction with, a religious organization, association or society, from limiting the sale, rental or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons of the same religion, or from giving preference to such persons, unless membership in such religion is restricted on

account of race, color, national origin or handicap. Nor shall anything in this ordinance prohibit a private club not in fact open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes provides lodgings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members or from giving preference to its members.

Section 8. ADMINISTRATION

1. The authority and responsibility for administering this ordinance shall be in the chief elected official of the County of Quay.
2. The chief elected official may delegate any of these functions, duties and powers to employees of the County or to boards of such employees, including functions, duties and powers with respect to investigating, conciliating, hearing, determining ordering, certifying, reporting or otherwise acting as to any work, business or matter under this ordinance. The chief elected official shall by rule prescribe such rights of appeal from the decisions of their hearing examiners, to other hearing examiners or to other offices in the County, to boards of officers or to themselves, as shall be appropriate and in accordance with law.
3. All Quay County departments and agencies shall administer their programs and activities relating to housing and community development in a manner affirmatively to further the purposes of this ordinance and shall

Section 9. EDUCATION AND CONCILIATION

Immediately after the enactment of this ordinance, the chief elected official shall commence such educational conciliatory activities as will further the purposes of this ordinance. They shall call conferences of persons in the housing industry and other interested parties to acquaint them with the provisions of this ordinance and the suggested means of implementing it and shall endeavor with their advice to work out programs of voluntary compliance and enforcement.

Section 10. ENFORCEMENT

1. Any person who claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice or who believes that they will be irrevocably injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is about to occur (hereafter "aggrieved person") may file a complaint with the chief elected official. Complaints shall be in writing and shall contain such information, and be in such form as the chief elected official requires. Upon receipt of such a complaint, the chief elected official shall furnish a copy of the same to the person or persons, who have committed, or are about to commit, the alleged discriminatory housing practice. Within thirty days after receiving a complaint or within thirty days after the expiration of any period reference under subsection (c), the chief elected official shall investigate the complaint and give notice in writing to the aggrieved person whether they intend to resolve it. If the chief elected official decides to resolve the complaints, they shall proceed to try to eliminate or correct the alleged discriminatory housing practice by informal methods of conference, conciliation and persuasion. Nothing said or done in the course of such informal endeavors may be made public or used as evidence in a subsequent proceeding under this ordinance without the written consent of the persons concerned. Any employee of the chief elected official who shall make public any information in violation of this

provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year.

2. A complaint under subsection (a) shall be filed within one hundred and eighty days after the alleged discriminatory housing practice occurred. Complaints shall be in writing and shall state the facts upon which the allegations of a discriminatory housing practice are based. Complaints may be reasonably and fairly amended at any time. A respondent may file an answer to the complaint against him and with the leave of the chief elected official, which shall be granted whenever it would be reasonable and fair to do so, may amend his answer at any time. Both complaints and answers shall be verified.
3. If within thirty days after a complaint is filed with the chief elected official, the chief elected official has been unable to obtain voluntary compliance with this ordinance, the aggrieved person may, within thirty days thereafter, file a complaint with the Secretary of the Department of Housing and Urban Development. The chief elected official will assist in this filing.
4. If the chief elected official has been unable to obtain voluntary compliance within thirty days of the complaint, the aggrieved person may, within thirty days thereafter commence a civil action in any appropriate court, against the respondent named in the complaint, to enforce the rights granted or protected by this ordinance, insofar as such rights relate to the subject of the complaint. If the court finds that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about to occur, the court may enjoin the respondent from engaging in such practice or order such affirmative action as may be appropriate.
5. In any proceeding brought pursuant to this Section, the burden of proof shall be on the complainant.
6. Whenever an action filed by an individual comes to trial, the chief elected official shall immediately terminate all efforts to obtain voluntary compliance.

Section 11. INVESTIGATIONS/SUBPOENAS/GIVING OF EVIDENCE

1. In conducting an investigation, the chief elected official shall have access at all reasonable times to premises, records, documents, individuals and other evidence or possible sources of evidence and may examine, record and copy such materials and take and record the testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for the furtherance of the investigation: Provided, however, that the chief elected official first complies with the provisions of the Fourth Amendment relating to unreasonable searches and seizures. The chief elected official may issue subpoenas to compel their access to, or the production of, such materials, or the appearance of such persons and may issue interrogatories to a respondent, to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or interrogatories were issued or served in aid of a civil action in the United States District Court for the district in which the investigation is taking place. The chief elected official may administer oaths.
2. Upon written application to the chief elected official, a respondent shall be entitled to the issuance of a reasonable number of subpoenas by and in the

name of the chief elected official to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as subpoenas issued by the chief elected official. Subpoenas issued at the request of a respondent shall show on their face the name and address of such respondent and shall state that they were issued at their request.

3. Witnesses summoned by subpoena of the chief elected official shall be entitled to the same witness and mileage fees as are witnesses in proceedings in United States District Courts. Fees payable to a witness summoned by a subpoena issued at the request of a respondent shall be paid by the respondent.
4. Within five days after service of a subpoena upon any person, such person may petition the chief elected official to revoke or modify the subpoena. The chief elected official shall grant the petition if they find that the subpoena requires appearance or attendance at an unreasonable time or place, that it requires production of evidence which does not relate to any matter under investigation, that it does not describe with sufficient particularity the evidence to be produced, that compliance would be unduly onerous, or for other good reason.
5. In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena the chief elected official, or other person at whose request it was issued, may petition for its enforcement in the municipal or state court for the district in which the person to whom the subpoena was addressed resides, was served or transacts business.
6. Any person who willfully fails or neglects to attend and testify, or to answer any lawful inquiry, or to produce records, documents or other evidence, if in his power to do so, in obedience to the subpoena or lawful order of the chief elected official shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year or both. Any person who, with intent thereby to mislead the chief elected official, shall make or cause to be made any false entry or statement of fact in any report, account, record or other document submitted to the chief elected official pursuant to his subpoena or other order, or shall willfully neglect or fail to make or cause to be made full, true and correct entries in such reports, accounts, records or other documents, or shall willfully mutilate, alter or by any other means falsify any documentary evidence, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.
7. The Quay County attorney shall conduct all litigation in which the chief elected official participates as a party or as amicus pursuant to this ordinance.

Section 12. ENFORCEMENT BY PRIVATE PERSONS

1. The rights granted by Sections 3, 4, 5 and 6 may be enforced by civil actions in the appropriate United States district, state or local court. A civil action shall be commenced within one hundred and eighty days after the alleged discriminatory housing practice occurred: Provided, however, that the court shall continue such civil case brought pursuant to this Section or Section 10 (d) from time to time before bringing it to trial if the court believes that the conciliation efforts of the chief elected official are likely to result in satisfactory settlement of the alleged discriminatory housing practice complained of in the complaint made to the chief elected official and which practice forms the basis for the action in court: And provided, however, that any sale, encumbrance or rental consummated prior to the issuance of any court order issued under the authority of this ordinance and

involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrances or tenant without actual notice of the filing of a complaint or civil action under the provisions of this ordinance shall not be affected.

2. The court may grant as relief, as it deems appropriate, any permanent or temporary injunction, temporary restraining order or other order and may award to the plaintiff actual damages and not more than \$1,000 punitive damages, together with court costs and reasonable attorney fees in the case of a prevailing plaintiff: Provided, that the said plaintiff in the opinion of the court is not financially able to assume said attorney's fees.

Section 13. INTERFERENCE, COERCION or INTIMIDATION

It shall be unlawful to coerce, intimidate, threaten or interfere with any person in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of his having exercised or enjoyed, or on account of his having aided or encouraged any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any right granted or protected by Sections 3, 4, 5, or 6 of this ordinance. This Section may be enforced by appropriate civil action.

Section 14. SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS

If any provision of this ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance and the application of the provision to other persons not similarly situated or to other circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Section 15. PREVENTION OF INTIMIDATION IN FAIR HOUSING CASES

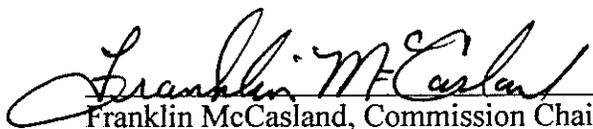
Whoever, whether or not acting under color of law, by force or threat of force willfully injures, intimidates or interferes with, or attempts to injure, intimidate or interfere with:

1. any person because of their race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status, or national origin and because they are or have been selling, purchasing, renting, financing, occupying or contracting or negotiating for the sale, purchase, rental, financing, or occupation of any dwelling, or applying for or participating in any service organization or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings; or
2. any person because they are or have been, or in order to intimidate such person or any other person or any class of persons from:
 - a. participating, without discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin, or in any of the activities, services organizations, or facilities described in subsection 15(a); or
 - b. affording another person or class of persons opportunity or protection so to participate; or
3. any citizen because they are or have been, or in order to discourage such citizen or any other citizen from lawfully aiding or encouraging other persons to participate, without discrimination on account of race, color, religion, sex, handicap, familial status or national origin, in any of the activities, services, organizations or facilities described in subsection 15 (a), or participating lawfully

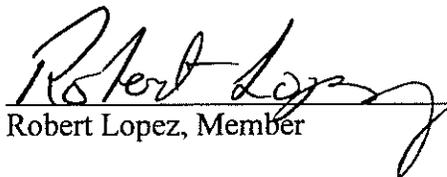
in speech or peaceful assembly opposing any denial of the opportunity to so participate -- shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year or both; and if bodily injury results shall be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned not more than ten years or both; and if death results shall be subject to imprisonment for any term of years or for life and/or to other applicable local/state/federal laws.

PASSED, APPROVED, and ADOPTED this 12th day of May, 2008.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS


Franklin McCasland, Commission Chairman


Bill Curry, Member


Robert Lopez, Member



ATTEST:


Ellen White, County Clerk